THE ASSIZE OF THE BREAD.

Together.

With sundry good and needfull ordinances Bakers, Brewers, Inholders, Victuallers, Vintners, Butchers: And also other Assizes in Weights and Measures, *which by the Lawes of this* REALME, *are commanded to bee* obserued and kept by all manner of Persons, as well within, *Liberties as without.*

Whereunto there are also added, sundrie good and needfull Orders, in making and retayling of all kinds of lawfull *Breads, vendible vnto his Maiesties Subiects in the Common-wealth,* agreeing with the Statutes, Lawes, and Ancient Orders and Gustomes *of this Realme of England.*

The which Statutes and ancient Orders and Customes, for making and retayling of all lawfull sorts of Bread, as aforesaid, haue beene heretofore seene, allowed *and are commanded to kept, by the Right Honourable the Lords, and others of the* Kings Maiesties Honourable Priuie Counsell.

Newly corrected and enlarged from twelue pence the Quarter of Wheate, vnto three pound and sixe pence the Quarter, according to the rising and falling of the *price thereof in the Market, by sixe pence altring in euery Quarter of Wheate.*

Ioh. Cant.	*Tho. Buchurst.*
Ch. Hatton.	*S. Francis Knowles.*
W. Burley.	*S. Tho. Heneage.*
H. Derby.	*S. I. Fortescue.*
Cha. Howard.	*S. I. Woolley.*
H. Hunsdon.	

LONDON;
Printed by *William Stansby.*
1632.

105-21, 16

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1632.

TO ALL MAGISTRATES AND others his Maiesties OFFICERS.

FOraſmuch as (gentle Reader) in my laſt Booke, made for the Aſſize of Bread, which was grounded anddrawne (by a try-all made) from the poyſe of the very graine of Wheate, and the perfect liquor which ſeaſoned the ſame, there was no Allowance giuen for the Bakers, eyther in reſpect of their baking, or yet for any other needful charges belonging vnto the ſame Myſtery, but the ſame Allowance wasreferred vnto the diſcretion of all ſuch Magiſtrates and Officers, as ſhould haue Authoritie to deale therein, according to the Dearth and Cheapeneſſe of all things thereunto neceſſarie, as the time and place (where any ſuch Baker ſhould inhabite) required. As in, and by my ſaid Booke it plainly appeareth.

And now foraſmuch as diuers Officers, by reaſon of their vnskilfulneſſe and want of knowledge, doe

not affoord the Bakers such sufficient Allowances therein, as are answerable vnto all the charges of Baking at this day, wherby some questions are made betweene the said Officers and the Bakers concerning that matter: I haue therefore at this present thought it good not onely to reuoke my said Booke (in respect of the said Assize of bread only:) and to my great paines and trauell to draw and publish this new Booke for the good and true Assize of all sorts of Bread now by the Lawes vendible vnto the Kings Maiesties Subiects in the Common-wealth, deriuing the same in euery sort according to the Law: that is to say, that the halfe-pennie Cocket, and the pennie Cocket, made of the second prized Wheate: The halfe pennie Wheaton Lofe, the pennie Wheaton Lofe, and the pennie Houshold Lofe, taking their ground or Assize from the coorse Cocket of seuen pound twelue pence, according to the Statute in that behalfe, made in the one and fiftieth yeare of the raigne of King *Henry* the Third: and although the ancient custome & order of this Realme hath bin, that three halfe-penny worth of White Bread should alwayes weigh one pennie worth of Wheaton bread: and one pennie worth of houshold bread should iustly weigh two penny worth of white bread (as it appeareth by diuers old and ancient Size bookes heretofore set forth:) Yet the said Statute made in the one and fiftieth yeere of the raygne of King *Henry* the Third, sheweth, that the finest sort of White bread, should bee drawne from the fine Cocket of six pound eighteene shillings mentioned in

A reuocation of the last Assize in the bread onely.

Bread drawne from the course Cocket An. 51. H. 3.

The fine Cocket.

in the ſaid Statute, which differeth ſomewhat from the coorſe Cocket of ſeuen pound twelue pence, & is ſomewhat leſſe in aſſize, then after the rate of the ſaid coorſe Cocket aforeſaid: which Law I haue followed in this my booke (omitting the odde Fractions in money which are verie ſmall, and vnder the value of one halfe-pennie weight) whereby euerie Officer may perfectly diſcerne and know, what euery ſort of bread ſhould weigh in true proportion and rate, and how to aſſize the Bakers in all ſorts of their breads according to the ſame Law, together with ſuch allowance towards their charges for euery quarter baking, as is very reaſonable, and requiſite therfore to bee made and allowed, whereby all difficultie and queſtions hereafter may be auoyded: but alſo haue drawne the ſame vnto a greater and higher proportion in the prices of the quarter of Wheate then heretofore it hath bin, as by the ſaid rates it doth plainly appeare: beginning the ſame at twelue pence the quarter of Wheate, and ſo rayſing the ſaid Aſſize by ſixe pence increaſing in the quarter of wheate, vnto three pound ſix pence the quarter. And whereas it plainly appeareth by the olde Aſſize Booke (yet extant to be ſeene) ſet forth and publiſhed in the twelfth yeere of the raigne of King *Henry* the ſeuenth, being neere one hundred yeeres paſt, that euery Baker ſhould then be allowed two ſhillings for all manner of charges in baking of a quarter of Wheate, ouer and aboue the ſecond price of Wheate, in the Market, by the which hee ought to ſize his bread: which two ſhillings was allowed in this manner, *viz.*

Aſſiſe calculated vnto three pound ſixe pence the quarter of Wheate.

When

When wheate was ſold for twelue ſhillings the quarter, the Baker ſhould bake after fourteene ſhillings the quarter. And at fourteene ſhillings the quarter, hee ſhould bake after ſixteene ſhillings the quarter, as in the ſaid booke of Aſſize is to be ſeene. And foraſmuch as I doe finde, and it moſt plainely appeareth to the iudgement of all indifferent men, (by comparing the times now preſent, with the times of one hundred yeeres paſt) that at the publiſhing of the ſaid old Aſſize booke, all manner of charges, and other things neceſſarie belonging to the ſaid myſterie of Baking were far better cheape then now they are, *viz.* in fuell, yeaſt, ſeruants wages, houſe-rents, and charges of hoſpitalitie, & ſo generally of all other kind of things: and for as much as alſo diuers tryals, which of late I haue cauſed to be made by ſeuerall wheate taken in diuers Countries of this Realme of England, not only in the view of mine owne eyes, but alſo in the preſence of expert and skilfull men, learned in the lawes, hauing great and deepe knowledg in the aſſizing of bread; It doth manifeſtly and plainely appeare, that the Bakers at that time might farre better cheape, and with leſſe charge of ſeruants haue baked a quarter of Wheate, then now they can: (although the ſame tryals differ ſomewhat one from the other, by reaſon onely of the diuerſities of the goodneſſe of Wheate) I doe therefore thinke it verie good, neceſſarie and conuenient for the better vnderſtanding of all Magiſtrates and Officers, as is afore ſaid, that there be ſet downe in this booke of the Aſſizes of bread, that the Baker

The charges in baking greater now then here tofore it hath beene.

Tryals made by ſeuerall wheate of diuers countries.

Difference in the goodneſſe of Wheat.

of

of Cities, Borough, and corporate Townes, where the three ſorts of Bread, *viz.* White, Wheaten, and Houſhold are vſually baked and ſolde, ſhall haue ſixe ſhillings in allowance for the baking of euerie quarter of wheat ouer and aboue the ſecond price of wheate in the Market, by the which they ought to be Sized, becauſe of their great and daily charges and in bearing of Scot and Lot within the ſame Cities, Boroughs, and Townes corporate, for euery impoſition daily to be laid vpon them: which ſixe ſhillings is to bee allowed, according to the ſame former allowance, in the ſaid twelfth yeere of the raigne of King *Henry* the Seuenth aforeſaid, in this manner, *viz.* when the ſecond Wheate is at twelue ſhillings the quarter, the Baker is to bake after eighteene ſhillings the quarter, and the ſecond Wheate being at eighteene ſhillings the quarter, he is to bake after twenty foure ſhillings the quarter, & ſo in like manner as the price of the quarter of the ſecond Wheate ſhall riſe and increaſe. And alſo that all Bakers inhabiting out of Cities, Boroughs, and Townes corporate, or in Cities, Boroughs, and Townes corporate, where but two of theſe ſorts of bread, *viz.* White and Houſhold are vſually baked and ſold, ſhall haue foure ſhillings in allowance for their charges in baking of euery quarter of Wheate ouer and aboue the price of the ſecond Wheate in the Market as aforeſaid, whereby they ought to be Sized and no more.

Allowance for the Bakers of the Citie, &c.

Allowance for Bakers of the Countries.

By which good meanes the Magiſtrates may (in their Offices) be eaſed, the true Aſſize of bread duly

kept, and his Maiesties Subiects the better serued, And this hauing bestowed my labour and good will for thy pleasure and profit, I desire thy fauourable and friendly construction and censure, requesting that if any default haue happened to escape in the publishing of this my worke, to vouchsafe the correcting and amending of the one, & the friendly acceptance of the other. And thus I leaue thee to the protection of the Almightie.

IOHN POWEL,

Gentleman.

THe meanes haue beene manifold in all ages (most loving Reader) which authoritie by reason hath established in the variable, yet orderly gouerments of States & people, for the holding them in that most louing & member-like duty, which one part oweth vnto others, and euery of them to the conuersation of the whole body in best estate. Amõg which this hath had his special place, that in the common and still continuing commerce, and interchangeable traffique, passing betweene man and man, countrie and countrey, each hath bin limited to others reasonable liking, by a due obseruation of such Assize in the matter of true weight and measure, as by generall consent hath bin cõmended to particular practice. Now albeit that reason it selfe may in this behalfe seem a sufficient Schoole-Mistris to euery man not regenerate: Yet when for the needfull vse of this equity, the Author both of reason and holy Religion, shall commend & command it to be carefully kept of all such as professe themselues to be his people (& that vnder the penaltie of most fearefull execrations to the violators of the same) how ought euery Christian man to be carried with a conscience of duty herein? vpon which no doubt, the most lawfull and wholsome constitutions of this my natiue country of England were first founded, & still do stand built: & therefore presenteth vnto euery true natural & loyal Subiect of the same (euen as hee oweth obedience to his most dread Soueraign, not so much for fear as conscience sake) a plaine path truly tending to this kind of Iustice, which many alwayes seeking to themselues, do seldome

practise towards others: for the auoiding of whose common though oftentimes most vntrue excuse herein, in alleaging their ignorance of the Lawes to be the lacke of their lawfull obedience; I haue drawn together such acts statutes, and ordinances, as haue bin ordayned and vsed in sundrie Kings Raignes, and now allowed by the Honourable in authoritie: most apt and proper for the warranting of all lawfull Assize both in weight & measure which are to be vsed at this day, and within this Realme; specially, such as concerne the Bakers, Brewers & Inholders directions. The not obseruing whereof, vpon so manifest and plaine a publishing, what shall it else but note vnto vs the men of worst mark, whether we respect their conscience towards God, or their vertuous cõuersation in a Christian Common-wealth? & if al Lawes established by lawfull authoritie, not repugning the Lawes of God, are to be imbraced by Christian Subiects in a cõscionable obedience: by what excuse then doe they think to wind out from the desert of such disobedience, as directly contrarieth both Gods & mans laws at once? Of which nature these are, that cõmand the true obseruation of the weight and measure betweene man & man. In the booke of Leuiticus, thus we read, You shall not doe vniustly, in iudgment, in line, weight or measure, you shall haue iust ballances and true weights *In the Booke of Deut. thus:* Thou shalt not haue in thy bagge two manner of weights, a great and a small, neither shalt thou haue in thy house diuers measures, a great and a smal, but thou shalt haue a right and iust weight, a perfect and a iust measure shalt thou haue. *Againe in the Prouerbs,* False ballances are an abomination vnto the Lord, but a perfect weight pleaseth him.

Leuit. 19. 33.

Deut. 25. 13.

him: *also in the first Epistle to the Thessalonians thus it is writen*, Let no man defraude his brother in any thing (*as euery one doth that vseth false weight or measure*) (for the Lord is a reuenger of such things.) 1.Thes.4.6.

By all which places & many others that might be cited out of Sacred Scriptures, it appeareth, how specially this vprightnesse in the vse of weight and measure hath euer bin enioyned by God himselfe, for a continuall practice among his people: and therefore most shamelesse are they before men, and no lesse desperate in despising the reuenging hand of God: who besides the penalties prouided by ciuill authoritie for the holding them in awe, dare go on in so manifest contempt of his so fearefull threats. Leaning therefore these despisers to the disposing hand of the Almightie, either in mercy to amend them, or in iustice to condemn them, I commend this little Pamphlet (shrowded vnder Gods & my Countries Lawes) to the reading & regarding of the common, yet more conscionable sort of Subiects in the same. As vnto whose vsuall trades (standing for the most part vpon weight and measure) the practice thereof most properly appertaineth, & for whose sakes I haue satisfied my well meaning, in deliuering them the truth rather homely then handsomly. Like as their following the same ought to bee in a plaine true dealing, & not in a crafty subtile deceiuing, which being the fruit that I hope will ensue my poore paines-taking herein (as a well pleasing tast both to God & man) I wil only content my selfe with expectation of such reward, committing the good Reader to the conduct of that Spirit that is only able, and alwayes readie to prepare thee for euery good dutie, and to performe the same in thee, according to the proper place and calling.

Iohn Powel, *Gent.*

[illegible] measure God blesseth with tresure	[illegible] To sell flower for dran.	[illegible] With running and reason.	[illegible] God plagues fall sleights

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Lofe drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny white Loafe drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Lofe drawne from the corse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
xy.d.	Cxlv.ʒ.[illegible]i.y.d.	CCCxxxj.ʒ.ijy.d	Clv x.ʒ.iiy.d.
xviy.d.	Cx.ʒ.q.iy.d.	CCxx.ʒ.iy.q.j.d.	Cxy.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.
y.s.	lxxxy.ʒ.iy.q j.d.	Clxv.ʒ.di y.d.	lxxxiiy.ʒ.di.y.d.
ij s. vi.d.	lxvi.ʒ.iiy.d.	Cxxxij.ʒ.q.iij.d	lxv i.ʒ.[illegible].iy.d.
iij. s.	lv.ʒ.iiij.d.	Cx.ʒ.q.iij.d	lxv .ʒ.q.[illegible]y.d.
iij.s. vj.d.	xlviij.ʒ.q.j.d.	lxxxxiiy.ʒ.di. ij.d.	x viy.ʒ.q.[illegible].d.ob.
iy. s.	xli.ʒ.q.i.yd.	lxxxy.ʒ.yi.q.j.d.	xliii.ʒ.q j.d.
iiy s. vi.d.	xxxvj.ʒ.iy.q [illegible].d.	lxxy.ʒ.[illegible]i. j.d.	xxxvy.ʒ d[illegible].y.d.
[illegible] s.	xxxiy.ʒ.[illegible] d.	lxvi.ʒ.ij.d.	xxxiy.ʒ [illegible]y q.i.d.
[illegible].s.vj.d.	xxx.ʒ.j.d.	lx.ʒ.y d.	xxx.ʒ iy q.
vi s.	xxvy.ʒ.[illegible]i.y.d.	lv.ʒ.iiij.d.	xxviij.ʒ.i y.d.
[illegible].s.vj.d.	xxv.ʒ.q.i y.d.ob.	l.ʒ.iy.q.iiij d.	xxvi.ʒ.ob.
vy.s.	xxiy.ʒ.[illegible]i.iy d.	xlvy.ʒ.q.i d.	xx i j.ʒ.iii d.
[illegible]y.s. vj.d.	xxy.ʒ.i.d.	xliiij.ʒ.ij.d.	xxy.ʒ.di.[illegible].d.
viij s.	xx.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	x[illegible].iʒ.q.iy.d.	xx[illegible].ʒ .iy.d.
viij.s.vi.d.	xix.ʒ.q.iiy d.ob.	xxxviy.ʒ.q iiy.d.	xix.ʒ.iii.q.iii.d.

God bleſſeth true labour / With plenty and fauour

Be diligent be kind / rather than ſlacke & vnkinde

Beare not at thy meſure / But in true honeſt meſure

Be warlyke and wiſe / In goodnes to deale

The weight of the peny white Loke according to the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course cocket. A. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny hourſholde Loke drawne frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
iiiCrrrbiij.ʒ.q.iij d	CCliij.ʒ.iij.q.i.d.	CCcccbij.ʒ.di.iij.d	bi Clxxbi.ʒ.iij.q.i.d.
CCrrb.ʒ.di.j.d.	Clrix.ʒ.iiij d.	iij Crrrbiij ʒ.q iii.d	CCC Cli. ʒ.iiij.d.
Clrix.ʒ.iiij.d.	Crrbi.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	CCliij.ʒ.ij.q.i.d.	ij. Crrrbiij.ʒ.q.ij.d.
Crr b.ʒ.q.ſ.d.	Ci.ʒ.di.	CCiij.ʒ.	CClxx.ʒ. di.j.d.
Crj ʒ. ij.q.i.d.	lxxriij.ʒ.di. ij.d.	Clxix.ʒ iiij.d.	CCrrb.ʒ di.j.d.
lxxxrb.ʒ.di. iij.d	lxxj.ʒ.di.	Crlb.ʒ.	Clxxxriij. ʒ.q.i.d.
lxxxiij.ʒ bi.j.d.	lxiij.ʒ.q iiij.d.	Crrbj ʒ.ij.q.iij d	Clxix.ʒ. ij.d.
lxxb.ʒ.iiij.d.	lbi.ʒ.q.ij.d.	Crj ʒ.ijq.i.d.	Cl ʒ.q.ij.d.
lxbj.ʒ di.j.d.	l.ʒ.ij.q.	Cl.ʒ.di.	Crxxb.ʒ.q.iiij.d
lxi.ʒ.di.	xlb.ʒ.di.ob.	lxxxi.ʒ.i.d.	Crriij.ʒ.
lb .ʒ.q.ij.d.	xlij ʒ.q.ſ d.	lxxciij.ʒ.di.j.d.	Crj.ʒ.ij.q.ſ.d.
lj.ʒ.ſ.d.	xxxix.ʒ.	lxxbij.ʒ.	Ciij.ʒ.j.d.
xlbij.ʒ.q.ſ.d.	xxxbi ʒ.q.	lxxj.ʒ d.	lxxxxbi.ʒ.di.j.d.
xlb.ʒ.ſ.d.	xxxj.ʒ.iij.q.ſ.d.ob	xbiſ.ʒ.di.ij.d.	lxxx.ʒ.iij.d.
xliſ.ʒ.q.i.d.	xxxi.ʒ.d .iiij.d.ob.	lxij.ʒ.q.iiij.d.	lxxxiij.ʒ.di.j.d.
xxix.ʒ ij.q.i.d.	xxix.ʒ. ij.q.ij.d.	iix.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	lxxix ʒ d..ij d.

Et that giueth measure God blesseth with tresure	It makes a poore man, To sell flower for dran.	Looke well to thy reason With cunning and reason.	Be just with thy weight God plagues fals sleights
The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny white Loake drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the corse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
ix. s̄.	xviij. ʒ. q. iij. d̄.	xxxvj. ʒ. iij. q. j. d̄.	xviij. ʒ. iij. q. i. d̄.
ix. s̄. vi. d̄.	xij. ʒ. q. iiij. d̄.	xxxiiij. ʒ. iij. q. iij. d̄	xvij. ʒ. iij. q. i. d̄.
x. s̄.	xvi ʒ. di. ij. d̄.	xxxiij. ʒ. iiij. d.	xvi. ʒ. iij. q. iij. d̄.
x s̄. vi. d̄.	xv. ʒ. iij. q.	xxxi. ʒ. di.	xvi. ʒ. ij. d̄.
xi. s̄.	xv ʒ. j. d̄.	xxx. ʒ. ij. d̄.	xv. ʒ. q. ij. d̄.
xi. s̄. vj. d̄.	xiiij. ʒ. q. iij. d̄.	xxviij. ʒ. iij. q. j. d̄.	xiiij. ʒ. di. iij. d̄.
xij. s̄.	xiij. ʒ. iij. q. i. d̄.	xxvij. ʒ. di. ij. d̄.	xiij. ʒ. ij. d̄.
xij. s̄. vi. d̄.	xiij. ʒ. iiij. d̄.	xxvi. ʒ. q. iij. d̄.	xiij. ʒ. di. ob.
xiij s̄.	xij. ʒ. di. i ij. d̄.	xxv. ʒ. q. iij. d̄.	xiij. ʒ.
xiij. s̄. vj. d̄.	xij. ʒ. q.	xxiiij. ʒ. di.	xij ʒ. di ob.
xiiij s̄.	xi. ʒ. iij. q. j. d̄.	xxiij. ʒ. di. ij. d̄.	xij. ʒ. j. d̄. ob.
xiiij s̄. vj. d̄.	xi. ʒ. q. iij. d̄.	xxij. ʒ. iij. q. j. d̄.	xi. ʒ. di. iij. d̄.
xv. s̄.	xi. ʒ.	xxij. ʒ.	xi. ʒ. q. ob.
xv. s̄. vj. d̄.	x. ʒ. di. iij. d̄.	xxj. ʒ. q. j. d̄.	x. ʒ. iij. q. iij. d̄.
xvj. s̄.	x. ʒ. q. ij. d̄.	xx. ʒ. di. iiij. d̄.	x. ʒ. di. j. d̄. ob.
xvj. s̄. vi. d̄.	xvij. ʒ. di	xx. ʒ.	x. ʒ. q.

The weight of the peny white Loke according to the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course coket. A. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny housholde Loke drawne frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3
rrrvy.3.di.ij.ʒ.	rrviy.3.iiij ʒ.	lvj.ʒ.q.iij.ʒ.	lxxv.ʒ.iiij.ʒ.
rrrv.3.di.ij.ʒ.	rrvj.3.di.iij.ʒ.	liij.ʒ.q.iij.ʒ.	lx j.ʒ.iij.ʒ.
rrriij.3.iij.q.i.ʒ.	rrv.ʒ.q ij.ʒ.	l.ʒ.di.iiij.ʒ.	lxv ij.ʒ.di.j.ʒ.
rrrij.3.iij.ʒ.	rrt y.ʒ.iij ʒ.	r v'ij.ʒ.q.j.ʒ	lxiij.ʒ.q.iiij.ʒ.
rrr.3.di.q.iiij.ʒ.	rriij.3.j.ʒ.	rlvj.3.j.ʒ.	lxij.ʒ.q.iij.ʒ.
rrir.3.q.iiij.ʒ.	rrij.3.j.ʒ.	r iij.3.ij.ʒ.	lviij.ʒ.iij.q.i.ʒ.
rrviy.3.iij.ʒ	rrj.3.iij.ʒ.	r ij.ʒ.q.i.ʒ.	lvi,ʒ.q.i'j.ʒ.
rrvj.3.j.ʒ.	rr.ʒ.q.j.ʒ.	r'.ʒ.di.ij.ʒ.	liij.ʒ.ij.ʒ.
rrvi.ʒ.	vir.3.di.	rrrir.ʒ.	lij.ʒ.
rrv.3.j.ʒ.	rvi'j.3..ij.q.j.ʒ.	rrrvy.3.di.ij.ʒ.	l.ʒ.ij.ʒ.
rr iij.ʒ.'j.ʒ.	rviij.3.ij.ʒ.	rrrvj.ʒ.iij.ʒ.	rlviij.3.q.j.ʒ.
rriij .3.q.j.ʒ.	rvij.ʒ.di.	rrrv.ʒ.	rlvi.ʒ.di.j.ʒ.
rrj.3 .d i.j.ʒ.	rvj.ʒ.iij.q.iij.ʒ.	rrriij.ʒ.iij.q.j.ʒ.	rlv.ij.ʒ.
rrj.3.iij.q.j.ʒ.	rvj.3.q.ij.ʒ.	rrrij.ʒ.di.iiij.ʒ.	rliij.ʒ.di.iij.ʒ.
rr.ʒ.iij.ʒ.	rv.iij.q.ij.ʒ.	rrri.ʒ.di.iiij.ʒ.	rlij.ʒ.q.i.ʒ.
rr.3.di.	rv.ʒ.q.ij.ʒ.	rrr.ʒ.di.iiij.ʒ.	rlj.ʒ.

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the halfpeny white Loke drawne from the Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny wheaten Loke drawn from the coarse Cocket, An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny houshold Loke drawn from the coarse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
rby.s.	ir.z.di.iiy.d.	rir.z. .iy.d.	i .z.iy.q.iiy.d
rby.s.vj.d.	ir.z.q. iiy.d.	rbiy.z.iy q. y.d.	ir. z.di. iij d.
rbiy.s.	ir.z.i iij.d.	rbiy.z.q. iy.d.	ir.z.q. ij.d.
rbiy.s.vi.d.	biy.z.iy.q.i ij.d.	rbij.z.iy.q.i.d.	ir.z.ij.d.ob.
rir.s.	biy.z.di.iiy.d.	rbi.z.q.iy.d.	biy.z. y q.iy.d.
rir.s.vi.d.	biy.z.q iiy.d.	rb .z. y q.iy.d.	qiy.z.d i.iy.d. ob.
rr.s.	biy z q.	rbj.z.di.	biy.z.q.iiy.d.
rr.s.vj.d.	biy.z.i.d.	rbj.z.y.d.	biij z q.
rrj.s.	by.z.ii.q.y d.	rb.z.d .iij.d.	biy.z.i.d.
rrj.s.vi.d.	by.z.di.iij.d.	rb.z.q.iy.d	by.z.iy.q y.d.
rry.s.	by.z.di. b.	rb.z.	by.z.i.iy.d.
rry.s.vi.d.	by.z.q.y d.	rriy z.di.iiy.d.	by z.di.
rriy.s.	by.z.iiy d.	riiy.z.q.iy.d.	by.z.q.y.d.
rriy.s.vi.d.	by.z.	riiy.z.	by.z.q.iiy.d.
rriiy.s.	bi.z.iy q.iy.d.	riy.z.iii.q.j.d.	by.z. i.d.
rriiy.s.vi.d.	bi.z.iy.q.	riiy.z.di.	bi.z.iy.q.iy.d.

[illegible] with plenty and fauour.	[illegible] Reward thou shalt finde.	[illegible] Bur in thy honest mesure	[illegible] In goodness to rises.
The weight of the peny white Lofe according to the corse Cocket. An. 51 H. 3.	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Lofe drawne frō the corse coket, A. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny wheaton Lofe drawn frō the corse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny houshold Lofe drawne from the corse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3
xix.ʒ.iy.q.iy.d.	xiiy.ʒ.iy.q.iy.d.	xxix.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.	xxxix.ʒ.iy.q.j.d.
xix.ʒ.q.j.d.	xiiy.ʒ.ii.	xxix.ʒ.	xxviy.ʒ.di.y.d.
xviy.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.	xiiy.ʒ.ij.d.	xxviy.ʒ.iiy.d.	xxxvy.ʒ.di.y.d.
xviy.ʒ.q.	xiy.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	xxvy.ʒ.q.iy.d.	xxxvi.ʒ.di.
xvy.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.	xiy.ʒ.q.y.d.	xxvi.ʒ.iiiy.d.	xxxv.ʒ.di.y.d.
xvii.ʒ.q.ij.d.ʒ.ij.	xiy.ʒ.	xxvj.ʒ.	xxxiiy.ʒ.di.iiy
xvi.ʒ.iy.q.iy.d	xy.ʒ.ii.iy.d.	xxv.ʒ.q.i.d.	xxxiy.ʒ.iy.q.j.d.
xvi.ʒ.di.	xy.ʒ.q.ij.d.	xxiiy.ʒ.di.iiy.d.	xxxiy.ʒ.
xvi.ʒ.y.d.	xy.ʒ.j.d.	xxiiy.ʒ.y.d.	xxxy.ʒ.iiy.d.
xv.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	xj.ʒ.iy.q.j.d.	xxiy.ʒ.di.ij.d.	xxxj.ʒ.q.iy.d.
xv.ʒ.q.i.d.	xj.ʒ.di.	xxiy.ʒ.	xxx.ʒ.di.y.d.
xv.ʒ.	xj.ʒ.q.	xxy.ʒ.y.d.	xxx.ʒ.
xiiy.ʒ.di.iiy.d.	xj.ʒ.	xxy.ʒ.	xxix.q.iij.d.
xiiy.ʒ.q.iij.d.	x.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.	xxi.ʒ.di.y.d.	xxviy.ʒ.iy.q.i.d.
xiiy.ʒ.y.d.	x.ʒ.di.j.d.	xxi.ʒ.y.d.	xxiiy.ʒ.iiy.d.
xiiy.ʒ.iy.q.i.d	x.ʒ.q.y.d	xx.ʒ.di.iiy.d.	xxiy.ʒ.ij.d. b.

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the halfpeny white Loafe drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny white Loafe drawn from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the halfe peny white Loafe drawn from the coarfe Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
xv.s.	vi.℥.xl.ij.d.	xiij.℥.iiij.d.	vj.℥.iij.q.
xv.s.vj.d.	vj.℥.q.iiij.d.	xij.℥.iij.q.ob.d.	vj.℥.di.ij.d.ob.
xvj.s.	vj.℥.q.ij.d.	xij.℥.di.iiij.d.	vj.℥.di.
xvi.s.vi.d.	vi.℥.iiij.d.	xij.℥.q.iij.d.	vj.℥..q.ij.d.ob.
xvij.s.	vi.℥.ij.d.	xij.℥.iij.d.	vj.℥.q.
xvij..vi.d.	vj.℥.	xij.℥.	vj.℥.iij.d.
xviij.s.	v.℥.iij.q.ob.d.	xj.℥.di.ij.d.	vj.℥.ob.
xviij.s.vi.d.	v.℥.iij.q.	xj.℥.di.ob.d.	v.℥.iij.q.iij.d.ob.
xix.s.	v.℥.di.iij.d.	xj.℥.q.iij.d.	v.℥.iij.q.ob.d.ob.
xix.s.vj.d.	v.℥.di.ij.d.	xj.℥.iiij.d.	v.℥.di.iiij.d.ob.
xx.s.	v.℥.di.	xi.℥.	v.℥.di.ij.d.ob.
xx.s.vj.d.	v.℥.q.iij.d.	x.℥.iij.q.ob.d.	v.℥.di.ob.
xxj.s.	v.℥.q.ob.d.	x.℥.di.ij.d.	v.℥.q.iiij.d.
xxj.s.vi.d.	v.℥.q.	x.℥.di.	v.℥.q.ij.d.
xxij.s.	v.℥.iij.d.ob.	x.℥.q.ob.d.	v.℥.q.ob.
xxij.s.vi.d.	v.℥.ob.d.	x.℥.iij.d.	v.℥.iij.d.

God blesseth true labour with plenty and squalle.	Be trifl quicke and kind the ward thou shalt finde.	Prick no at thy plotte But in tru honest mestire	Be watchful a[illegible] In goodnes to rise.

The weight of the peny white Loke according to the corse Cocket. An. 51, H. 3.	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Loke drawne frō the corse coket, A. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the corse Cocket An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny houshold Lo drawne from the co Cocket An 51. H. 3.
xiij.ʒ.di.	x.ʒ.iij.d.	xx.ʒ.q.j.d.	xxvij.ʒ.
xiij.ʒ.q.	x.. iij.q.iiij.d.	xix.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xxvi.ʒ.di.
xiij.ʒ.	ix.ʒ.iij.q.	xix.ʒ.di.	xxvi.ʒ.
xij.ʒ.iij.q.	ix.ʒ .di.j.d.	xix.ʒ.iij.d.	xxv.ʒ.di.
xij.ʒ.di.	ix.ʒ.q.iij.d.	xviij.ʒ.iij.q.j.d	xxv.ʒ.j.d.
xij.ʒ.q.j.d.	ix.ʒ.iiij.d.	xviij.ʒ.q.iij.d.	xxiiij.ʒ.di.ij.d.
xij.ʒ.i.d.	ix.ʒ	xviij.ʒ.	xxiiij.ʒ.ij.d.
xi.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	viij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xvij.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	xxiij.ʒ.di.iiij.d.
xi.ʒ.di.iij.d.	viij.ʒ.iij.q.	xvij.ʒ.di.	xxiij.ʒ.q j.d.
xi.ʒ.q.iiij.d.	viij.ʒ.q.ij.d.	xvj.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	xxij..iij.q.ij.d.
xj.ʒ.q.	viij.ʒ.q iiij.d.	xvi.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d	xxij.ʒ.di.
xi.ʒ.j.d.	viij.ʒ.q.j.d.	xvi.ʒ.vi.ij.d.	xxij.ʒ.ij.d.
x.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	viij.ʒ.iij.d.	xvi.ʒ.q.i.d.	xxj.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.
x.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	viij.ʒ.j.d.	xvj.ʒ.ij.d.	xxj.ʒ.q.iij.d.
x.ʒ.di.j.d.	vij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xv.ʒ.iij.q.i.d.	xxi. .ij.d.
x.ʒ.q.iij.d.	vij.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	xv.ʒ.di.ij.d.	xx.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny white Loake drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the coze Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
rrrtij.s.	v.ʒ.ob.	r.ʒ.j.d.	v.ʒ.tj.d.ob.
rrrtij.s.vj.d.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q ij.d.	ir.ʒ.iij.q j.d.	v.ʒ.ij.q j.d.ob.
rrrtij.s.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q.ij.d.	ir.ʒ.di.iiij.d.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q.tj.d.ob
rrrtij.s.v.d.	iiij.ʒ.iij.q.i.d.	ir.ʒ.di.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q.ij.d.
rrrv.s.	iiij.ʒ.di.j.d.ob.	ir.ʒ.q.i.d.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.ob.
rrrv..vi.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.ij.d.	ir.ʒ.q.	iiij.ʒ.ij.q.
rrrvj.s.	iiij.ʒ.di.j.d.	ir.ʒ.iiij.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.iij.d.
rrrvi.s.vi.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.	ir.ʒ.	iij.ʒ.di.j.d.ob.
rrrvij.s.	iiij.ʒ.q.iij d.	viij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.j.d.
rrrvij.s.vj.d.	iiij.ʒ.iiij.d.	viij.ʒ.j.q.ij.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.
rrrviij.s.	iiij.ʒ.q.tj.d.	viij.ʒ.di.iij.d.	iiij.ʒ.q.ij j.d.
rrrviij.s.vj.	iiij.ʒ.q.j.d.	viij.ʒ.di.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.q.iij.d.
rrrtr.s.	iiij.ʒ.iij.d.	vij.ʒ.q.iij.d.	iiij.ʒ.q.j.d. ob.
rrrtr.s.vi.d.	iiij.ʒ.iij.d.	viij.ʒ.q.j d.	iiij.ʒ.q.
rl.s.	iiij.ʒ.tj.d.	viij.ʒ.iij.d.	iiij.ʒ.iij.d.ob.
rl.ō.vi.d.	iiij.ʒ.j.d.	viij.ʒ.tj.d.	iiij.ʒ ij d.ob

God dieth thy cure labour
With plenty and fauo-

Be chylquicke and kind
rather than thou finde.

Pitche not at thy pleasure
But in true honest measure

Be warckful and wise
In goodnes to rise.

The weight of the peny white Loke according to the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course cocket. A. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the peny housholde Loke drawne frō the course Cocket. An. 51. H.
x z. q.	vij. z. di. iij. ꝺ.	xv. z. q. i. d.	xx. z. i.
x. z. ij ꝺ.	vij. z. di. i. d. ob.	xv. z. iij. ꝺ.	xx. z. q. i. ꝺ.
ix. z. ij. q. iiij. d.	vij. z. q. ij ꝺ.	xiiij. z. di. iiij. ꝺ.	xix. z. iij. q. iii. ꝺ.
ix z. ij. q. ꝺ.	vij. z q. ob.	xiij. z. di. ij. ꝺ.	xix. z. di. ij. ꝺ.
ix. z. di. iij. ꝺ.	vij. z. iij ꝺ.	xiiij. z. q. iij. ꝺ.	xix. z. q. j. ꝺ.
ix. z. di.	vij z. i ꝺ.	xiij. z. ij. ꝺ.	xix. z.
ix. z. q. iij.	vii z. i ꝺ.	xiij. z. ij. d.	xviij. z. ij. q. i. ꝺ.
ix. z. q.	i. z. iij. q. iiij ꝺ.	xiij. z. iij. q. iij. ꝺ.	xviij. z.
ix. z. ij. ꝺ.	vj. z. iij. q. ij. ꝺ.	xiij z. di. iij ꝺ.	xviij. z. iij. ꝺ.
ix. z.	vi. z. iij. q.	xiij. z. di	xviij. z.
viij. z. iij. q. ij. ꝺ.	vj. z. di. ij. ꝺ. ob.	x iij. z. q. ij. d.	xvij. z. ij. q. i. ꝺ.
viij. z. q. iij. ꝺ.	vj. z. di. ij. ꝺ:	xiij. z. iij. ꝺ.	xviij z. di.
viij. z. q. iij. d.	vj. z. q. iij. ꝺ ob.	xij. z. iij q. iiij. ꝺ.	xviij. z. q. i. ꝺ.
viij. z. di.	vj. z. q. iij. ꝺ.	xij z. iij. q. i. ꝺ.	xviij. z.
viij. z. q. iij. ꝺ.	vi. z. q. ij. ꝺ.	xij. z di. ij. ꝺ.	xvij. z. i. q. ij. ꝺ.
viij. z. q. ij. ꝺ	vj. z. q.	xij. z. i.	xvi. z. d. iij. ꝺ

e that maryth wyfe / and blesseth with treasure / It makes a poore man, / To sell his owne kat dyan. / Looke well to thy season / With cunning and reason. / Be fill with thy weights / God plagues false sleights

he price of e quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny white Loake drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the coyse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
ci.s.	iiij.ʒ.	viij ʒ.	iiij ʒ.ij.d.ob
i.s.vi.d.	ij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	vj.ʒ.ij.q.iij.d.	iij.ʒ.j.d.ob.
ij.s.	ij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d	vj.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.	iij.ʒ.ob.
ij.s.vi.d.	ij.ʒ.iij.q.ij.d.	vj.ʒ.di.iij.d.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.iij.d.
iij.s.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.	vj.ʒ.di.ij.d.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.ij.d.ob.
iiij.s.vi.d	ij.ʒ.ij.q.	vj.ʒ.di.j.d.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.ob.
v.s.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.	vj.ʒ.di.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.ob.
v.s.vj.d.	ij.ʒ.di.iij.d.	vj.ʒ.q.ij.d.	ij.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.
vj.s.	ij.ʒ.di.ij.d.	vj.ʒ.q.j.d.	ij.ʒ.iij.q.
vj.s.vi.d.	ij.ʒ.di.j.d.ob.	vj.ʒ.q.	ij.ʒ.di.iij.d.
vij.s.	ij.ʒ.di.j.d.	vj.ʒ.iij.d.	ij.ʒ.di.ij.d.ob.
vij.s.vj.d.	ij.ʒ.di.	vj.ʒ.j.d.	ij.ʒ.di.j.d.ob.
viij.s.	ij.ʒ.q.iij.d.ob.	vj.ʒ.	ij.ʒ.di.j.d.
viij.s.vj.d.	iij ʒ.q.iij.d.	vi.ʒ.ij.q.iij.d.	ij.ʒ.di.ob.
ix.s.	ij.ʒ.q.ij.d.	vi.ʒ.ij.q.ij.d.	ij.ʒ.q.iij.d.ob.
ix.s.vi.d.	ij.ʒ.q.ij.d.	vi.ʒ.ij.q.j.d.	ij.ʒ.q.ij.d.

[illegible] With plenty and fauour	[illegible] Reward thou shalt finde.	Pricke not at thy pleasure But in ten honest mesur	[illegible] In [illegible] to rise.
The weight of the peny white Lofe according to the course Cocket. An.51.H.3	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Lofe drawn frō the corse coket. A.51.H.3	The weight of the peny wheaton Lofe drawn frō the corse Cocket. An.51.H 3.	The weight of th peny housholde Lo drawne frō the cor Cocket. An.5.1.H.
viij.ʒ.q.	vj.ʒ.iij.d.	xij.ʒ.q.i.d.	xvj.ʒ.di.
viij.ʒ.iij.d.	vj.ʒ.ij.d.	xij.ʒ.iiij.d.	xvj.ʒ.q.j.d.
viij.ʒ.j d.	vj.ʒ.	xij.ʒ.	xvj.ʒ.ij.d.
vij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	v.ʒ.iij.q.iiij.d.	xi.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xv.ʒ.iij.q.i.d.
vij.ʒ iij.q ij d.	v.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xj.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	xv.ʒ.di.iiij.d.
vij.ʒ.iij q.	v.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	xj.ʒ.di.ij.d.	xv.ʒ.di.
vij.ʒ.di iij.d.	v.ʒ.iij.q.	xj.ʒ.di.	xv.ʒ.q.j.d.
vij.ʒ.di.ij.d.	v.ʒ.di.iij.d .	xj.ʒ.q.j.d.	xv.ʒ.iiij.d.
vij.ʒ di.	v.ʒ.di.ij.d.	xj.ʒ.iiij.d.	xv.ʒ.
vij.ʒ.q.ij d.	v.ʒ.di.j.d.	xj.ʒ.ij.d.	xiiij.ʒ.iij.q.j d.
vij.ʒ.q.iij.d	v.ʒ.di.	xj.ʒ.	xiiij.ʒ.di.iiij..d.
vij.ʒ.q.	v.ʒ.q.iiij.d.	x.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	xiiij.ʒ.di.
vij.ʒ.iiij.d.	v.ʒ.q.iij.d.	x.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	xiiij.ʒ.q.iij.d.
vij.ʒ ij.d.	v.ʒ.q.j.d.	x.ʒ.di.ij.d.	xiiij.ʒ.iiij.d.
vij.ʒ.j.d.	v.ʒ.q.	x.ʒ.di.	xiiij.ʒ.ij.d.
vij.ʒ.iij.q.iiij.d.	v.ʒ.iiij.d.	x.ʒ.q.iij.d.	xiij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.

He that giueth measure
God blesseth with tresure

It makes a poore man
To sell flower for bran.

Loake well to thy season
With cunning and reason.

[illegible]
God plagues [illegible]

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Lofe drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny white Loafe drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Lofe drawne from the corse Cocket An. 51. H. 3.
x lix. s̄.	iij. ℥. q. ij. d̄. ob.	v. ℥. iij. q.	iij. ℥. q. iiij. d̄
xlix. s̄. vj. d̄.	iij. ℥. q. ij. d̄.	vi. ℥. di. i ij. d̄.	iij. ℥. q. iij. d̄.
l. s̄.	iij. ℥. q. i. d̄.	vi. ℥. di. ij. d̄.	iij. ℥. q. iij. d̄. ob.
l. s̄. vi. d̄.	iij. ℥. q.	vj. ℥. di.	iij. ℥. q. ij. d.
li. s̄.	iij. ℥. iiij. d̄. ob.	vi. ℥. q. iiij. d̄.	iij. ℥. q. i. d̄.
li. s̄. vi. d̄.	iij. ℥. iiij. d̄.	vi. ℥. q. iij. d̄.	iij. ℥. q. ob.
ii. s̄.	iii ℥ iij. d̄. ob.	vi. ℥. q. i. d̄.	iij. ℥. q.
lii. s. vj. d̄.	iij. ℥. iij. d̄.	vi. ℥. q. i. d.	iij. ℥. iiij. d̄.
liij. s̄.	iij. ℥. ij. d̄.	vi. ℥. iiij. d̄.	iij. ℥. iij. d. ob.
iij. s̄. vi. d̄.	iij. ℥. j. d̄. ob.	vi. ℥. iij. d̄	ij. ℥. iiij. d̄.
liiij. s̄.	iij. ℥. i. d̄.	vi. ℥. ij. d.	iij. ℥. ij. d̄. ob.
liiij. s̄. vi. d̄.	iij. ℥. ob.	vi. ℥. i. d.	iij. ℥. ij. d̄.
lv. s̄.	iij. ℥.	vi. ℥.	iij. ℥. i. d̄. ob.
v. s̄. vi. d̄.	ij. ℥. iij. q. iiij. d̄. ob.	v. ℥. iij. q. iiij. d̄.	iij. ℥. ob.
vi. s̄.	ii. ℥. iij. q. iiij. d̄.	v. ℥. iii. q. iiij. d̄.	iij. ℥.
lvi. s̄. vi. d̄.	ij. ℥. iij. q. iii. d. ob.	v. ℥. iij. q. ij. d̄.	ij. ℥. iij. q. iiij. d̄.

[illegible]	Be still quicke and kind	Pricke not at thy pleasure	Bewarthful and wise
With plenty and fauour	Guard thou shalt finde.	But in ten honest mesure	In [illegible] to tile.

The weight of the peny white Lofe according to the course Cocket. An.51.H.3	The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Lofe drawn frō the corse coket. A.51.H.3	The weight of the peny wheaton Lofe drawn frō the corse Cocket. An.51.H 3.	The weight of the peny housholde Lo drawne frō the cor Cocket. An.5.1.H 3
vi.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	v.℥.iij.d.ob.	x.℥.q.ij.d.	xiij.℥.iij.q.j.d.
viij.ʒ.iij.q.j.d.	v.℥.j.d.	x.℥.ij.d.	xiij.℥.di.iij.
vi.ʒ.iij.q.	v.℥.j.d.	x.℥.ij.d.	xiij.℥.di.
vi.℥.di.iiij.d.	v.℥.	x.℥.	xiij.℥.q.iij.d.
vi.ʒ.di.ij.d.	iiij.℥.iij.q.iiij.d.	ix.℥.iij q.iij.d.	xiij.℥.iiij.d.
vi.ʒ.di.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.iij.q.iij.d.	ix.℥.iij.q.j.d.	xiij.℥.ij.d.
vi.ʒ.di.	iiij.℥.iij.q.ij.d.	ix.℥.di.iiij.d.	xiij.℥.
vi.ʒ.q.iij.d.	iiij.℥.iij.q.j.d.	ix.℥.di.ij.d.	xij.℥.iij.q.j.d.
vi.℥.q.ij.d.	iiij.ʒ.iij.q.	ix.℥.di.	xij.℥.di.iiij.d.
vi.ʒ.q.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.iiij.d.ob.	ix.℥.q.iiij.d.	xij.℥.di.ij.d.
vi.℥.q.	iiij.ʒ.di.iij.d.	ix.℥.q.j.d.	xij.℥.di.
vi.ʒ.iiij.d.	iiij.℥.di.iij d.	ix.℥.q.j.d.	xij.℥.q.iij.d.
vi.ʒ.iij.d.	iiij.℥.di.ij.d.	ix.℥.iiij.d.	xij q.j.d.
vi.ʒ.j.d.	iiij.ʒ.di.i.d.	ix.℥.iij d.	xij.℥.ij.d.
vi.℥.	iiij.℥.di.	ix.℥.	xij.℥.
v.℥.iij.q.iij.d	iiij.℥.q.iij.d.ob	viij.℥.iij.q.iiij.d.	xi.℥.iij.q.j.d

The price of the quarter of wheate.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3	The weight of the peny white Loake drawne frō the fine Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.	The weight of the half peny white Loke drawne from the coarse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3.
lvij.s.	ij.z.iij.q.iij.d.	v.z.iij.q.j.d.	ij.z.iij.q.iiij.d.
lvij.s.vj.d.	ij.z.iij.q. ij .d.b.	v.z.iij.q.	ij.z.iij.q. iiij.d.ob.
lvij.s.	ij.z.iij.q.ij.d.	v.z.di.iij.d.	ij.z.iij.q.iij.d.
lvij.s.vj.d.	ij.z.iij.q.j.d. ob.	v.z.di.iij.d.	ij.z. iij.q. iij.d.
lxx.s.	ij.z.q.j.d.	v.z.di.ij.d	ij.z.iij. [illegible]
lxx.s. vj.d.	ij.z.iij.q.ob.	v.z.di.j.d.	ij.z.iij.q.j.d.
lx.s.	ij.z.iij.q.	v.z.di.	ij.z.q.iij.d ob.
lx.s.vj.d.	ij.z.di.iiij.d.ob.	v.z.q.iiij.d.	ij.z.iij.q.

The allowance for Bakers for their labour and charges is set downe in the fift Page of the Preface to Magistrates and Officers.

The weight of the peny white Loke according to the coyse Cocket. An. 51 H. 3.

The weight of the halfe peny wheaton Loke drawne frō the coyse coket, A. 51. H. 3

The weight of the peny wheaton Loke drawn frō the coyse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3

The weight of the peny houshold Loke drawne from the coyse Cocket. An. 51. H. 3

v.ʒ.iij.q.iij.ɗ.	iiij.ʒ.q.iiij.ɗ.	viij.ʒ.iij.q.j.ɗ.	xj.ʒ.i j.q.j.ɗ.
v.ʒ. ij.q.ij.ɗ.	iiij.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.ob.	viij.ʒ.iij.q.	xj.ʒ.di.iiij.ɗ.
v.ʒ.iiij.q.j.ɗ	iij.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.	viij.ʒ.di.iiij.ɗ.	xj.ʒ.di.ij.ɗ.
v.ʒ.di.iiij.ɗ.	iij.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.ob.	v ij.ʒ.di.iij.ɗ.	xj ʒ.q.iij.ɗ
[illegible].ɗ.	iij.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.	viij.ʒ.di.ij.ɗ.	xj.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.
v.ʒ.di.ij.ɗ.	ij.ʒ.q.	viij.ʒ.di.	jj.ʒ.iiij.ɗ.
v.ʒ.di.j.ɗ.	iiij.ʒ.iiij.ɗ.	viij.ʒ.q.ijɗ.	xj.ʒ.ij.ɗ.
v.ʒ.di.	iij.ʒ.ij.ɗ.	viij.ʒ.q.j.ɗ.	xj.ʒ.ɗ.

THis Assise is made to be obserued after the rate of eight gallons the bushell of wheate, as hereafter followeth.

The Assise of Bread.

IN this Assize there is no allowance giuen vnto the Baker toward his charges for the baking of his Bread, otherwise then before in this Booke is remembred. And the baker for his first offence in breaking of his Assize, shall bee amerced; for the second offence likewise amerced, for the third offence in breaking his Assize he shall bée more grieuously amerced and warned. And if hée offend in breaking the Assize of his bread the fourth time (being thereof conuicted by order of Law) then hée shall receiue corporall punishment vpon the Pillory, without any redemption, either by Gold or Siluer. But if the Baker doth exceed (in breaking the Assize of his bread) the full weight of ii.s.vi.d. which is one once and a halfe in his farthing White loafe, then hée shal suffer the iudgement of the Pillory without any fine or admonition giuen vnto him. Et post septem dies panis non ponderetur, the Assize or weight of bread shall not be changed, but by the increase and decrease of vi.d. in the price of a quarter of Wheat in the Market. And that euery Baker hath his proper marke vpon his bread. Anno 51. H.3. Et. An. 31. Edw. 1. As it appeareth by 14. Edw. 3. Chap. 12.

Note also, that this Assize of all sorts of bread, ought alwayes to bée approued by the Troy weight, derined from the graines of Wheate: wherof two graines, taken in the middest of the eare, maketh the xvi. part of a pennig sterling: iiii. graines, make the eight part of a pennie sterling: eight graines make the fourth part of a pennie sterling, and two and thirtie graines of wheate, make the whole sterling penny.

Twen-

Twentie of which pence make the ounce Troy, xb. d. the quarter of an ounce, x. d. halfe an ounce, fiue pence a quarter of an ounce, and 2 d. ob. halfe a quarter of an ounce, which weight being named Troy weight, serueth onely to weigh Bread, Gold, Siluer, pretious Iewels, and Electuaries, of which weight, there is but xii. ounce to the pound, 8. pounds to the gallon, and so by computation, 16. pounds to the pecke, 32. pounds to the halfe bushell, and 61. pounds to the bushell, Anno. 12 H. 7. Chap. 5. Ounces Troy.

There is also another weight named Auoirdupois weight, whereunto their is xvi. ounces for the pound, which weight serueth to weigh Butter, Cheese, Flesh, Tallow, Ware, and euery other thing which beareth the name of Garbell, and whereof issueth a refuse or waste. The difference betweene these 2. weights, Troy and Auoirdupois is this, that 14. ounces and a halfe, and two pennie weight Troy doe make 16. ounce Auoirdupois weight at this day. And 7. pounds Auoirdupois weight, make the gallon for wheate, 14. pounds make the peck, 27. poũds make ỹ halfe bushel. And 56. pounds make the bushell, the which 56. pounds of Auordupois weight, are and haue beene accustomably vsed for the content of the bushell through this Realme, in which foresaid seuen pounds of Auoirdupois weight, there are one hundred and two ounces Troy weight, in the 14. pounds Auoirdupois weight, there is two hundred and 4. ounce Troy, in the 28. pounds Auoirdupois weight, foure hundred and 8. ounces Troy, and in the 56. pounds Auoirdupois there is eight hundred and sixténe once Troy. And according to the same rate, the quarter of wheat must wey foure hundred fortie eight pounds Auoirdupois weight, the which is sixe thousand, fiue hundred twentie eight onnces of Troy weight: 14. pound Auoirdupois weight, and 16. pounds and 11. ounces Troy, doe iustly accord. And 56. pounds Auoirdupois weight, and sixtie seuen pounds 8. ounces Troy weight, doe iustly agrée in weight. Not also that one penny sterling, maketh the twentieth part Auoirdupois weight. Difference of weights.

of

of an ounce Troy: the halfe pennie maketh the fortieth part of an ounce Troy, and the fourth part of a farthing is the xvi. score part of an ounce Troy. And furthermore it is to bee noted, that the viii l. xx. d. sterling, is fourescore foure ounces halfe an ounce, and two penny weight Troy: And vi. pound xviii. shillings sterling, is fourescoure two ounces, three quarters of an ounce and one pennie Troy. From the which two Assizes, the White, Wheaten, and Houshold breads are calculated and drawne, as in this Booke before is mentioned. And the farthing Cocket, is the farthing White Loafe at this day, the which is mentioned in the Statute made the 51. yeare of the Raigne of King Henrie the third. And the Statute doth appoint but three sorts of bread to bee made and sold vnto the Subiects in the Common wealth, viz. White Bread, Wheaten, and Houshold Bread: Yet neuertheless Horsebread hath had his continuance for so long time, and the vse thereof so profitable and necessarie for the Common wealth: that it standeth rightly with the Law, to haue his continuance and the Assize thereof hath bin, & so must continue: That three Horse loues bee sold from the Bakers for a pennie, xiii. d. for xii. d. And that euery one loafe shall waigh the full weight of the pennie White loafe, at what price soeuer the quarter of Wheate be sold at, from the which forenamed Troy weight is also drawne the Assize or gaige, aswell for all manner of wet measures to be had and vsed, both by Land, and within shipboord, as also for all manner of corne & graine vendable within this Realme of England, which according to the Law is to be obserued & kept, aswell within Liberties as without, both by the buyers and sellers: that is to say, the full and iust weight of xii. ounces Troy in Wheate doe make a concaue or hollow measure, named a pint, and viii. of the same pints doe make the gallon for Wine, Ale, Beere and Corne, according to the standard of his Maiesties Exchequer, viii of which gallons do make the bushell, and eight of the same bushels doe make the quarter in measure, An. 11. & 12. H. 7. Memorandum, there is allowed

The measure drawne from the Troy weight.

Water measure.

lowed by the Lawe for water-measure within the ship boord, ten gallons to the bushell which containe fiue pecks, Anno 11. Hen. 7. Chap. 4.

Furthermore, there is deriued and drawne out, and from the said gallon made by the said eight pints, which containeth twelue ounces of Troy weight to euery pint, as before is declared. The Assize for the quantitie and true content of all manner of caske lawfull and vendible within this Realme of England, as well for Wines, Oyle and Hony, as also for Ale, Bære and Sawce. That is to say, euery Hogshead to hold and containe threescore & three gallons, euery Tertian fourescore and foure gallons, euery Pipe Cxxvi. gallons, and euery Tun, CCiii. gallons of the aforesaid English gallons, and that no manner of person or persons shall bring out of any Countrey, or make or cause to bæ made hære within the Realme of England, any of the said Vessels of lesser size, or content then before is declared, An. 2. H. 6. Chap. 11. An. 1. R. 3. Chap. 13. & An. 28. Hen. 8. Chap. 14. The content of a Caske.

There is also a certaine measure called a Salmon Butte, which must hold and containe fourescore and foure gallons, the Barrell must hold and contayne xlii. gallons, the halfe Barrell one and twenty gallons. The Herring Barrel must hold and containe thirtie two gallons. The Eele Barrel forty two gallons, and the halfe Barrell and Firkin for Herrings and Eeles, must hold and containe, according to the same rate, the which gallons must bæ also agræable vnto his Maiesties Standard of the Exchequer, and deriued as before is mentioned, An. 22. Edw. 4. Chap. 11. Salmon measure. Eeles and Herring Caskes.

And euery Sope Barrell to hold and containe 32. gallons and vpwards, according to the Kings Maiesties Standard of the Exchequer, and shall weigh being empty xxvi. pounds of Auoirdupois weight and not aboue, and euery halfe Barrell emptie shall weigh xiii. pounds and not aboue, and shall hold and containe xvi. gallons and aboue, & euery Firkin emptie shall weigh six pound and a halfe, and not aboue, and shall hold and containe eight gallons & aboue, vpon paine of forfeiture

for euery Barrell, halfe Barrell, Firkin or other Vessell hereafter to be made, had or vsed or contrary to this Act, three shillings foure pence.

The weight of Cheese and Butter.

There is also the true weight of a Wey of Chéese & Butter, after the rate of fiuescore and twelue pounds of Auoirdupois weight to the hundred, as aforesaid, which two hundreth weight is eleuen score and foure pounds, containing xxrii. Cloues, and euery Cloue to bee seuen pounds of Auoirdupois weight. And so the Wey of Suffolke Cheese, is two hundred quarters and foure pounds, which is twelue score and sixteene pounds of Auoirdupois weight, and the Barrell of Butter is of like weight, with the Foyst thereof. But the weight of the Wey of Esser Cheese or Butter, is three hundred pounds weight, after the rate of fiuescore & twelue pounds of Auoirdupois weight, Anno 9. Hen. 6. Cap. 8.

he sacke of ooll.

The sacke of Woll is three hundred twenty eight pounds, and a hundred and twelue pounds to euery hundred weight, which is xviii. score and foure pounds of Auoirdupois weight, as before is mentioned, An. 11. H. 7 Cap. 4. Two weights of Woll make a sacke, and xii. sackes make a Last. But a Last of Herrings containeth ten thousand, and euery thousand containe ten hundred. And euery hundred containe sixscore, An. 14. Ed. 3. Cap. 12.

ne load of ead.

There is also a lode of Lead, which consisteth of thirtie Fotmels, and euery Fotmell containeth six Stone wanting two pounds. And euery stone must consist of twelue pound Auoirdupois: and euery pound consisteth of the weight of fiue and twenty shillings sterling, whereby the sum in the Fotmell is seuen pound, but the sum of the stones in the lode, is eight times twenty & sixteene. And it is proued by six times thirtie which is nine times twentie. But of euery Fotmell there are abated two pounds in the foresaid multiplication, which are sixtie, which make fiue stone. And so there are in the load viii. times twenty & sixteene pounds, as is aboue said. According to some other, it consisteth of twelue weights: and this is after Troy weight. And the summe of stones in the load, is viii.

times

times twentie, and eight stone. And it is proued by twelue times, 14. An. 14. Edw. 3. Cap. 12.

There is likewise a measure ordained by Law, named a Yard, being deriued from the graines of Barley, as three Barly cornes in length shall make an inch, twelue of the same inches shall make the foot, three foot shall make the yard, and xvi. foot and a halfe shall make the Pole or Perch to measure Land or Wood withall. In many Countries this Pole or Perch doth vary, as in some places it is xviii. foot, and in some other places xvi. foot, as by ancient custome is allowed. Of the which Poles or Perches, xl. in length, and foure of them in bredth make the Acre of Land or Wood, vpon which measure, Plinie lib. 2. Cap. 23. deriueth Stadium to bee a furlong, which containeth 125. paces, euery pace to containe fiue foot: the foot to containe foure palmes, and euery palme containeth foure fingers bredth: there are also three kinds of Stadia, the first is Stadium Italicum, containing 625. foote, which is 125. paces: the second, is Stadium Olympicum, containing 600. foot, which is 120. paces: the third, is Stadium Pithicum, containing 1000. foot, which is 200 paces: of these Stadia, eight in length doe make the Italian mile, containing 1000. paces, and euery pace to bee fiue foote in length. And of these paces Iunius writeth, that there is Passus duplex, & passus minor, vel simplex passus duplex, is fiue foote, as aforesaid, but passus minor vel simplex is but two foot and a halfe, which is vsually the distance from the toes of the forefoot, vnto the heele of the hinder foote in going. And also hee saith that passus maior siue Geometricus, is a pace, or fathome of fiue foote: there is also passus Græcus, & passus Romanus: passus Græcus, being more then passus Romanus by a foote, and the fourth part of a foot in the pace.

Compositio Vlnarum & Perticarum. An. 31. Edw.

The Acre of Land.

Stadium or Furlong.

The differer of paces.

The Booke of Assise.

Hereafter followeth what sorts of Bread haue beene made in their Triall.

FIrst there was a triall made in the yeere of our Lord God, 1311. which is now three hundred and three yeeres past of three, quarters of Wheate, viz. one quarter of the best Wheate, one quarter of the second Wheate, and the other quarter of the third Wheat. And these three quarters were made into diuers and seuerall sorts of bread, as it appeareth by Record in the Guild-hal of London. They which made the same trialls, were sworne for the true doing thereof before the Lord Maior of London for the time being.

There was also a Triall made in the eight yeere of the Reigne of King Henry the Eight, by the commandement of the Kings Councell, of a quarter of wheat: and it was made two parts into wheaten bread, one part into white bread, and the fourth part into houshold bread: as plainely appeareth in the time of Sir William Butler, Lord Maior of London. And it is entred in the Guild Hall, in the paper Iournall, Folio 238. The which sorts and kinds of bread haue their continuance vntill this day. And that the Bakers, at this time doe bake and retaile vnto the Subiects more in wheaten bread then euer to fore they haue done.

Allowances heretofore made vnto Bakers for baking a quarter of Wheate.

Anno 51. of King Henrie the Third.

FIrst, in the yeere of our Lord God 1266. in the one and fifty yeere of the Reigne of King Henry the third when Wheat was at twelue pence the quarter, the Bakers were allowed for their charges, for baking of a quarter

of

of wheat (as plainly doth appeare in the Statutes) as hereafter followeth in particulars, viz. for three seruants, penny halfe-penny, for two Lads, a halfe-penny, in Salt a halfe-penny, in Yest a halfe-penny, for Candle a farthing, for Wood two pence, for his bowtell a halfe-penny, and two loaues for aduantage, and his Bran, which is in the whole vi.d.qz.

In the time of King Edward the First.

SEcondly, the Bakers were allowed xiii. d. for their charges for baking of a quarter of Wheate, as plainly appeareth in the old Assize Booke, which hath relation to the Statute of Winchester, in what Kings time, it is not therein set downe: but as it seemeth, it was in the time of King Edward the First, who succeeded King Henrie the Third, as aforesaid. The particulars hereof appeare, viz. The Baker shall be allowed on euery quarter for baking, for growt and furning three pence, for wood three pence, for the Iournymen three pence, halfe-pennie, for the two Pages pennie halfe-pennie, for Salt a halfe-pennie, for Yest a halfe-pennie, for Candles a halfe-penny, for his tye-dogge a halfe-penny: In the whole thirteene pence and his Bran.

Anno 12. of King Henry the Seuenth, 1495.

THirdly, in the yeere of our Lord God 1495. in the xii. yeere of King Henry the vii. When the best wheat was at seauen shillings the quarter, the second at fiue shillings and fiue pence, and the third at fiue shillings the quarter: The Bakers were allowed two shillings for their charges for baking of a quarter of wheat, and his Bran, as plainly appeareth in the said old Assise Booke. Which hath relation to the Statute of Winchester aforesaid. In which said Assise Booke, it is declared in what manner the said two shillings is to bee allowed, that is to say, when wheat was at xii.s. the quarter, the Baker should bake after xiiii. shillings

the quarter, and at fourtæne shillings the quarter, he is to bake after sixtæne shillings the quarter, as in the said Booke is to bee seene, and so to follow the same rate, at what price soeuer wheat is at the quarter. The Order and allowing of which two shillings is as followeth, viz. on euery quarter of wheat baking, for furnace & wood, six pence, the Miller foure pence, for two Journie-men and two Pages fiue pence, for Salt, Yest, Candle and Sack-bands, two pence; for himselfe, his House, his Wife, his Dogge and his Cat, seauen pence, and the Bran to his aduantage, which commeth in the whole, in the quarter, to two shillings for his labour baking.

Item, it also appeareth in the time of King Henry the Third, that the Bakers of Cities shoud haue a better allowance for the baking of a quarter of wheat, then the forreine Bakers of the Countrie, and it is then prouided, that the Forreiners bread should weigh ten shillings heauier, which is sixe ounces in the penny loafe, more then the Towne-dweller, because the forreine Bakers doe not beare and pay such scot and lot, and other charges, as the Bakers in the Citie and Townes doe beare and pay.

The Assise and orders for Brewers, as well of Ale as of Beere.

Brewers caske

IT was also ordained in Anno 23. Hen. 8. that the Ale Firkin should hold and containe eight gallons and vpwards, and the Kilderkin sixtæne gallons and vpwards, and the Ale Barrell, thirty two gallons and vpwards. The Beere Firkin shall hold and containe nine gallons and vpwards, the Beere Kilderkin eightæne gallons and vpwards, and the Beere Barrell thirtie six gallons and vpwards, according to the English gallon before mentioned.

These being the true contents of Beere and Ale vessels, the brewers that are to sell by them, are likewise thus restrained by

by Lawes, viz. that they brew not their Ale nor Beere of any mustie Malt, or eaten with wiuels, nor put any Ale or Beere to sale, in any mustie or corrupt vessels, or in any vessels of a lesser content then before mentioned: neyther must they make any new vessels within their owne houses, to vtter their Ale and Beere in, sauing that they may keepe Coopers within their houses, only to Hoope, Cobble, and amend their vessels, and not otherwise.

Vnwholesome drinke.

New Vessels not to be made by Brewers.

And furthermore, that euery Beere-brewer and Ale-brewer within this Realme of England, shall not take ouer and aboue for euery such barrell, kilderkin or firkin, of Ale or Beere, but after the prices and rates, as shall be thought conuenient and sufficient by the discretion of the Justices of the Peace, within euery Shire where such Ale-brewer, or Beere-brewer shall dwell, without any Citie, borough, or towne corporate, where no head Officers, as Maiors, Baylifes, Sherifes, or other head officers, haue none authoritie nor rule: and in all Cities, Boroughes or Townes, where there be Maiors, Sherifes, or other head Officers, the same rates and prices to be rated and tealled by them and euery of them by their discretions. And that the same Ale-brewers and Beere-brewers at any time hereafter, shall not sell their Beere nor Ale at any higher rates and prices, then shall be vnto them assigned after the forme aboue rehearsed, vpon paine to lose & forfeit for euery barrell so put to sale, contrary to this statute six s. for euery half barrel or kilderkin iii.s.iiii.d. for euery firkin ii.s. and for euery vessell, containing greater number of gallons, v.s. and for euery vessell containing lesser number of gallons xii. d. the one halfe of which penalties and forfeitures, shall be vnto the Kings Maiestie, his Heires and Successors: the other halfe vnto him that will sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Maiesties Courts of Record, wherein the Defendant shall not wage his Law.

Prices for Ale and Beere.

And for as much as mysterie of brewing, as a thing very needfull and necessary for the Common-wealth, hath bene alwaies

waies by ancient custome & good orders practised and maintayned within Cities, Corporate Boroughs, and Market Townes of this Realme, by such expert and skilfull persons, as either were traded and brought vp therein, by the space of seauen yeares, and as Prentises therein accepted, accordingly as in all other Trades and Occupations: or else well knowne to bee such men of skill and honestie in that mysterie, as could and would alwaies yeld vnto his Maiesties Subiects in the Common-wealth, such good and wholesome Ale and Beere, as both in the qualitie and for the quantitie thereof, did euer agree with the good Lawes of the Realme, and especially to the comfort of the power sort of Subiects, who most need it: vntill of late yeares, sundry persons inhabiting within the foresaid Liberties, rather seeking their owne priuate gaine, then the publique profit of their Countrey, haue not onely erected and set vp small Brew-houses at their pleasures; but also brew and vtter such Ale and Beere, for want of skill in that mystery, as both in the prices, and wholesomenesse thereof, doth vtterly disagree with the good Lawes and Orders of this Realme: thereby also ouerthrowing the greater and more ancient Brew-houses, and the estate of the said mysterie of brewing. It is therefore very necessary that the Maior, Baylifes, or other head Officers of euery Citie, Corporate Borough, or Market Townes within this Realme, where such great and ancient Brew-houses are, doe take such good order by vertue of their Charters granted to them, either by his Highnesse, or his Noble Progenitors, as that within these Liberties, the aforesaid ancient Brewers and Brew-houses may be recontinued and maintayned, and those new erected houses with their vnskilfull Owners, suppressed and put downe, which as it hath beene, so doubtlesse would it bee the best and surest meanes of maintaining that mystery, and vnto the Common-wealths most profit.

Brewers to be Apprentises or skilfull men in the mysterie.

The

The Assise and order of Inholders and Victualers.

AND for that Ale and Bæere are not in themselues perfect liquors, but being filled into a small measure, the yeast or froth thereof will ascend by working very spædily, requiring a time in setling thereof againe, there is also vsed and to be allowed within this Realme, sundry measures of lesser contents for Brewers, Inholders and victualers, selling their Ale and Bæere by retaile vnto the Subiects: The which are named and called hooped quart and pint measures, Thurdendels, and halfe Thurdendels, being a small quantitie somewhat bigger then the foresaid Standard, in respect of the working and ascending of the yeast and froth as foresaid: by the which quarts and pints, the Inholders shall retayle their Ale and Bæere, being after the rate of foure pence the gallon: And by the same Thnrdendell and halfe Thurdendell, the Victuallers shall retaile their drinke, being after the rate of three pence the gallon, the which said seuerall measures are lawfull, and ought to be vsed in manner aforesaid at this day.

Inholders and Victuallers.

Thurdendels

And furthermore, Inholders, Cookes and Victuallers, are not onely by the lawes & ancient good orders of this Realme, forbidden to bake, seeth, or rost, any fish or flesh twice, or sell and vtter vnto the subiects any manner of corruptible Victuals, which may bee to the hurt and the infection of mans body: But also that they shall not vtter and sell their Ale and Bæere, within or without their houses by retaile otherwise, vnto any the Kings Maiestie Subiects, with any false or vnsealed measures, lesser then the Standard before mentioned, nor vtter and sell their prouender within their Mstries, with any false and vnsealed measures, which shall bee repugnant vnto the foresaid Standard of his Highnesse Exchequer. Anno 1. & 12. H. 7. Cap. 4.

Vnwholesome victuals.

An. 51. Hen. 3

False measure

Item, if any Butcher, Fishmonger, Inholder, Victualler, Baker, Poulter, or any other whatsoeuer, which shall sell any victuals vnto the subiects at any excessiue price or prises, otherwise then the plentie and scarcitie of the time, and the distance of carriage of the same considered, shall accord with equitie and good conscience. Then Maiors, Bayliffes and other chiefe Officers of Cities, Boroughs and Townes corporate, shall haue full power and authoritie to inquire and examine all such offences and defaults therein done and committed, and to inflict punishment vpon the offenders, by seyzing of the double value, of that which hee or they shal so vtter and sell, vnto the partie damnified. And if the said chiefe Officers shall omit to doe their duties herein, then the Iustices of the Peace, shall haue full power and authoritie to inflict punishment vpon such negligent and careleſſe Officers, An. 23. Edw. tertii. Cap. 9.

Item, it is enacted in Anno. 6. R. 2. Cap. 9. That no Victualer or Victuallers, within any Citie or other Towne or Townes within the Realme of England, shall vse or occupie the office of a Iudge, during the time that hee shall be Officer there (except it bee for want of other sufficient men, which should exercise the same Office.) And that whilst hee is in that office of Iudge, hee nor none of his shall vtter or sell any victuals vnto the Subiects, vpon paine of forfeiture of the same victuals.

The Assise for Inholders, or any other retayling their Hay by the Bottle, Trusse, or Hundred, as followeth.

The Assise of Hay.

FIrst, the load, which men call the Cart or Wainteight, is reckoned to bee twenty hundred weight of Auoirdupois weight, accounting a hundred and twelue pounds vnto euery hundred, but for as much as his Maiesties Subiects, inhabiting neere vnto the Citie of London, cannot very easily, or well load their Carts or Waines with Hay, of such great weight, and so carrie the same vnto the Citie: They doe reckon and account eighteene hundred weight of

Auoir-

Auoirdupois weight, to bee the common load of Hay, the which they make and sise as followeth, that is to say, thirty six trusses of Hay shall make the load, euery trusse of Hay to wey the full weight of sixtie six pounds of Auoirdupois, and after that rate, one pound of Hay sold for a halfe penny, maketh foure pounds foure shillings the load in money, two pounds of Hay for a halfe penny, make forty two shillings the load: three pounds of Hay for a halfe penny, make twenty eight shillings the load: and foure pounds of Hay for a halfe-penny make xxi. s. the load, the which Assise or weight in hay, the Inholders and other retayling the same, ought to obserue and keepe.

And whereas any Inholders or others doe, or shall take or receiue any manner of horse or Horses, vnto liuery at Hay and Litter by day and night: Then if the bottle of Hay shall wey three pounds for a halfe-penny, which is six pound for one penny & so eighteen pounds of Hay for three-pence, the which eighteene pounds of Hay, with reasonable prouender at euery watering, will suffice one Horse day and night: & according to that rate, the Inholder, or any other person shall make xxvi. s. viii. pence of his load of Hay: being of the full weight as before is mentioned, then allow him one penny day and night for his Litter, which in the whole amounteth vnto iiii. pence a day, and eight for Hay and Litter, and so shall the Inholders or any others haue sufficient gaine in his stable, if the same horse shall spend but three halfe-pence in prouender at euery watering. And so shall all manner of Officers, apportionate the Inholders and all others which vse to take Horses by liuery day and night, as the prices of the load of Hay shall yerely increase and diminish.

The Assise of Vintners.

VIntners must sell good and wholesome Wines for the sustenance of man, they must not mixe or alter the verdure and proper nature of their Wines, nor compound them with any thing, otherwise then perfect Wine it selfe. They must vtter and sell their Wines by Vintners.

retaile, with such lawfull and sealed Measures as are agreable vnto the Standard of his Maiesties Exchequer, by the halfe pinte, pinte, quart, pottle and gallon, according to the approued Standard afore mentioned.

The Assise for Butchers.

An. 51. H. 3. & An. 31. E. 1. c. 7.

IT hath béene alwayes a thing most carefully looked vnto, and prouided for, by good and ancient Orders and Lawes of this Realme, and also by aduice of the learned and skilfull Physitions of the same: that no Butchers should kill and sell vnto the subiects, any flesh of any cattell which was grieued and infected with a Disease called the Moren: nor kill and sell any Bull or Buls vnbaiten, any Cow or Kind great with calfe, or nére caluing, any Ewe or Ewes with Lambe, or taking Ramme, or any Sow great with Pig, or taking the Boare, vpon paine of amercement at the discretion of the Officers, hauing authoritie to inquire thereof: neither that they should blow their flesh, which they sell to the subiects, or geld the kidnies of their Muttons Veales, or Lambes, taking away the fat thereof, nor deceitfully raise the same kidnies, with any stopping or vnderputting them, to deceiue the ignorant buyers thereof vpon like paine: Nor vtter and sell any measled Porke, vpon paine of amercement, and to suffer the iudgement of the Pillory, with his corrupt flesh to bée burned openly before his face in the Market place. Likewise, that they shall not sell their flesh vnto the Kings subiects, with any beame or ballance inclining more vnto one end then vnto the other, thereby to deceiue the Subiects, nor sell their flesh by or with any false weight, lesser then the Kings Maiesties Standard before mentioned, and that after the rate of sixténe ounces Auoirdupois to the pound, and eight of them pounds to make the stone, or otherwise as the vsage or custome of the Countrey requireth for the number of the pounds vnto the stone.

Wholesome meates.

Deceits of Butchers.

An

AN ORDER FOR MVSTIE MEALE.

And furthermore, if there bee any manner of person or persons which shall by any false wayes, or meanes sell any Meale vnto the Kings Subiects, either by mixing of it deceitfully, or musty and corrupted Meale, which may bee to the hurt and infection of mans bodie: or else any false, sleight or any deceitful waies or meanes, by false waight or measure and so deceiue the Subiects. For the first offence hee shall bee grieuously punished, the second offence hee shall lose his Meale, the third offence hee shall suffer the iudgement of the Pillory, and the fourth time hee shall forsweare the Towne wherein he dwelleth.

The Assise of Fuell to be obserued in the Citie of London, Westminster, and the Suburbs of the same.

e Assise of ell.

FIrst, euery sacke of Char-coales must containe and hold foure bushels of good and cleane coales.

Item, euery Tale-shide must containe in length foure foot, besides the Cart; euery Tale-shide named one, to containe in greatnesse within a foot of the middest, sixtéene inches about: and euery Tale-shide named of two, to containe in greatnesse within a foot of the middest, twenty thrée inches about: and euery Tale-shide named of thrée, to containein greatnesse within a foote of the middest, twenty eight inches about: and euery Tale-shide named of foure, to containe in greatnesse within a foot of the middest, thirtie thrée inches about: and euery Tale-shide named of fiue, to containe in greatnesse within a foot of the middest, thirty eight inches about.

Item, euery Billet to containe in length, thrée foot and foure inches, and euery Billet named a single to containe seauen inches and a half about.

Item, euery Billet named to bée a Cast, to containe tenne inches about: and euery Billet of two Cast, to containe fourtéene inches about.

Item, euery Faggot band, to containe in length thrée foot, and the band of euery such Faggot to bée fourtéene inches about beside s the knot.

Item, all Billets of two Casts, that shall bée made to bée put to sale, shall be of the sise herein compzised, and shall be marked within six inches of the middest thereof: And euery Billet of one cast made to be put to sale, shall be marked within foure inches of the end thereof, vpon paine that euery Marker and euery Seller, that shall make any fuell oz coales, and put the

sam

same to sale, to forfeit for euery Shide of Tol-wood Billet, Faggot, or sacke of coales lacking the Assise aforesaid, three shillings foure pence. And that if any cutter or maker, or other that shall forfeit any summes herein contained, shall not bee able to yeeld or pay such forfeiture for summes as aforesaid, that then euery such person conuicted by witnesses, or otherwise, to be set on the Pillory in the next Market Towne, to the place wherein hee shall so offend, by a Iustice of Peace or any other his Maiesties Officers, at the houre of eleuen of the clocke vpon the Market day, with a Tale shide, Billet, Faggot, or sacke of coales, bound to some part of his body, and so to be discharged of the foresaid forfeiture. Anno 7. Edw. 6. Cap. 7.

The Assise for Lath.

ITem, that euery Lath shall bee and containe in length fiue foot, and in breadth two inches, and in thickneſſe halfe an inch of Assise, vpon paine to forfeit for euery hundred which shall bee put to sale of lesser Size, two pence.

The Assise of Timber.

ITem, that all manner of Timber bee well hewen and perfectly squared, and also keepe true measure. viz. fiftie foot of Timber for the load, vpon paine to forfeit for euery load of Timber which shall bee sold to the contrarie, twelue pence.

The Assise of Tile.

ITem, euery Person or Persons, which shall vse the occupation of making of Thacke-tile, Roofe-tile, Creſt-tile, or Gutter-tile, shall make it good and seasonable, able and sufficient, and well whited and annealed, and the ground whereof any such Tile shall be made, shall bee digged and cast vp before the first day of Nouember next, before they shall bee made, and the said Earth shall bee stirred and turned

ned before the first day of Ianuarie then next following, and the same Earth, before it be put to making the Tile, shall be truly wrought & tried from stones, and also the veines called Maline or Marle and Chalke (lying commonly in the ground nere the Land conuenient to make Tile) after the digging of the said ground, whereof any such Tile shall be made, shall bee well and truely seuered and cast from the earth, whereof any such Tile shall be made. And that euery such plaine Tile shall containe in length ten inches and a halfe, and in breadth fiue inches and a quarter, and in thicknesse halfe an inch and halfe a quarter at the least, and euery such roofe Tile or creft Tile, shall containe in length thirteene inches, and in thicknesse halfe an inch and halfe a quarter at the least, with conuenient deepnesse according, and euery gutter Tile and corner Tile shall containe in length 10 inches & a halfe. with conuenient thicknesse, bredth, and depth according. And if any person set to sale any such Tile made against the foresaid Ordinance, then the seller thereof shall forfeit to the buyer the double value of the same Tile, and besides shall make fine to the King at his pleasure, and euery person that findeth himselfe grieued herein, and will sue, shall haue an Action of Debt against the offenders and the Plaintife (if he recouer herein) shall recouer his Costs, wherein no Wager of Law shall be allowed vnto the Defendant, Anno. 17. Ed. 4. Cap. 4.

This much I haue thought good, simply to make apparant vnto the eyes of the ignorant for the true order and Assise of Weight and Measure, with the Assise of bread and other necessaries concerning the same, to bee obserued by all Subiects, as a thing very necessary and needefull in the Common-wealth: The which both Gods Booke, the good Lawes and ancient Orders of the Realmes doe allow and maintayne, wishing euery good Subiect to imbrace the same accordingly.

FINIS.

Ancient Lawes, Customes, and good Ordinances set downe for Bakers, in making, *sizing, and selling of all sorts of lawfull Breads, which* by the Lawes are vendible vnto his *Maiesties* Subiects *in the Commonwealth: Retayling the same, ratified and allowed by his* Maiesties *most Honorable* Priuie Councell, as hereafter followeth.

FIrst that no manner of person or persons shal keepe a common Bake-house in Cities and Corporate Townes, but such persons as haue beene apprentized vnto the same mystery, or brought vp therein for the more space of seuen yeeres, or else otherwise, skilfull in the good making & true sizing of all sorts of bread, and shall put his owne proper marke and Seale vpon all sorts of his mans bread, which he or they shall make and sell, as before is mentioned.

Bakers to be apprentized

Item, that no Baker or any other persons doe make, bake, sell and sell any kinds or sorts of bread, in the Commonwealth: but such which the Statutes and ancient Ordinances of this Realme doe allow them to bake, and sell. That is to say they may bake, and sell Symnell bread, wastell, white, wheaten, houshold and horse breads, and none other kinds of bread, to put to sale vnto his Maiesties Subiects.

Lawfull bread to be made, and sold.

Item they must make and bake farthing white bread halfe penny white, penny white, halfe penny wheaton, penny wheaton bread, penny houshold, and two penny houshold loaues and

What sorts bread are to be made.

Item

and none of greater size, vpon paine of forfeiture vnto poore people all such great bread, which they or any of them shall make to sell of greater size, (the time of Christmasse alwayes excepted.)

Item, they shall not vtter and sell to any Inholder, or Victualler, either in mans bread, or horsebread (which shall retaile the same) but onely viii. pence worth for xii.d, without any poundage or other aduantage.

Item, they shall sell and deliuer vnto Inholders and victualers, in horsebread, but three Loaues for a penny, and viii. penny worth for xii.d. (as aforesaid) euery one of the same three horse loaues weighing the full weight of a penny white loafe: whether wheate be good cheape, or deare.

Item, that no Bakers, or other person or persons, shall at any time or times hereafter, make, vtter, or sell, by retaile, within or without their houses, vnto any the Kings Subiects, any Spice cakes, Bunnes, Bisket, or other Spice bread (being bread out of size, and not by Law allowed) except it be at Burials or vpon the Friday before Easter, or at Christmasse: vpon paine of forfeiture of all such spice breads to the poore.

Item, whereas there are in Cities or [Corporate Townes common Bakers, vsing the Mystery of baking there; and within the same townes diuers Bakers, which come into the Market with their breads to bee sold, they shall not only bring with them such kinds of sorts of sized breads, as the Law and Ordinances doe allow, to be made and sold, as aforesaid: but also shall keepe and obserue this order, in the weight of their breads, as hereafter followeth: because the said forrainers doe not beare and pay, within the same Cities and Townes, such scot and lot, as the Bakers of the same Townes doe.

First, the forrainers halfe penny white loaues shall they haue an ounce more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes halfe penny white loaues doe.

Item, their penny white Loaues shall they haue two ounces more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes penny white loaues doe.

Item,

iii. pence in ead for xii. nce.

nlawfull eads forbid- n.

orrein bakers keepe greater size then e Townes- em.

Item, their halfe penny wheaten Loaues shall wey one ounce more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same townes halfe penny wheaten Loaues doe.

Item, their penny wheaten Loaues shall wey two ounces more in euery loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes penny wheaten Loaues doe.

Item, their penny houshold Loaues shall wey two ounces more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes penny houshold Loaues doe.

Item, their two penny houshold Loaues shall wey foure ounces more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes two penny houshold Loaues doe.

Prouided alwayes, that the Clarke of the Market of his Maiesties houshold, his Deputy or Deputyes, Mayors, Baliffes and other Officers of Cities, Corporate Townes, and Liberties shall looke vnto, haue diligent care and respect vnto the due performance and execution of these Articles, and they shall and may from time, to time, freely giue and distribute all such vnlawfull breads, as shall be hereafter made and put to sale, being contrary to these Articles (before mentioned) vnto poore prisoners or any other poore people, willing and requiring all Iustices of peace, Constables, Bayliffes, and all other Officers, to be aiding, assisting and helping all the fore-said Officers in the due execution hereof, as they will answere to the contrary at their perils. Penalty.

FINIS.

Ioh. Cant.	*Tho. Buchurst.*
Ch. Hatton.	*S. Francis Knowles.*
W. Burley.	*S. Tho. Heneage.*
H. Derby.	*S. I. Fortescue.*
Cha. Howard.	*S. I. Woolley.*
H. Hunsdon.	

Orders and Articles made and agreed vpon by the Right Honorable the Lords and *others of the Kings Maieſties moſt Honorable Priuy* Councell, appointing what kindes and ſorts of Bread *are to bee made and ſold vnto his Highneſſe Subiects*, with other good Orders to be obſerued and kept, for reformation of diuers diſorders and abuſes, vſed by diuers perſons touching the ſame.

FOrasmuch as wee are credibly informed by Iohn Powell Clarke of the Market of his Highneſſe moſt Honourable Houſhold, That diuers Bakers and other perſons, taking vpon them the myſtery of Baking, and vttering of bread vnto the Kings Maieſties Subiects in the Common-wealth, for their owne priuate lucre and commodity, doe not onely make and ſell to the Subiects breads of odde Sizes, made by their own inuentions, but alſo diuers kinds and ſorts of bread, which are both repugnant to the Lawes and good Ordinances of the Realme, and likewiſe hurtfull to the Commonwealth. Wherefore we will and require them and euery of them, that they obſerue and keepe the good vſe and ancient order, in making, ſizing and ſelling of all ſorts of their breads, according to the ancient Lawes and Ordinances of this Realme of England, and as hereafter followeth.

Firſt, that no manner of perſon or perſons ſhall keepe a Common Bake-houſe, in Cities or Corporate Townes, but

such persons, as haue bene apprentised vnto the same mysterie, or brought vp therein, for the more space of seuen yeares, and shall put his owne proper marke and seale vpon all sorts of mans bread, which he or they shall make and sell.

Item, that no Bakers, or other persons doe make, bake, vtter and sell any kinds, or sorts of breads, but such which the Statutes and ancient Ordinances of this Realme doe allow them to make and sell: viz. they may bake and sell Synnell bread, wastell, white, wheaten, houshold, and horsebread, and none other kindes of bread to put to sale vnto his Maiesties Subiects.

Item, they must make and bake farthing white bread, halfe penny white, penny white, halfe penny wheaten, penny wheaten bread, penny houshold, and two penny houshold Loaues, and none of greater size, vpon paine of forfeiture vnto the poore people of all such great bread, which they or any of them shall make or sell of greater size (the time of Christmasse alwayes excepted.)

Item, they shall not vtter & sell to any Inholder, or Victualler, either in mans bread, or horse bread (which shall retaile the same againe) but onely thirteene penny worth for twelue pence, without any poundage or other aduantage.

Item they shall sell and deliuer vnto Inholders and Victuallers in horsebread, but onely three Loaues for a penny, and thirteene penny worth for twelue pence (as aforesaid) euery one of the same three Loaues weighing the full weight of a penny white Loafe, whether wheate bee good cheape, or deare: in which Assise of horse bread, the Inholder gaineth vi. d.ob. in euery xii. d.

Item, that no Bakers, or other person or persons, shall at any time or times hereafter, make, vtter, and sell by retaile, within or without their houses, vnto any of the Kings Subiects, any Spice cakes, Bunnes, Billets, or any other Spice breads, (being bread out of Assise, and not by Law allowed) except it bee at Burials, or vpon the Fryday before Easter, vpon paine of forfeiture of such spice-bread vnto the poore.

Item, howbeit there are in Cities and Corporate Townes
common Bakers, vsing the mystery of baking there, and
within the same Cities and Townes, the forraine Bakers
which come into the Markets with their breads to bee sold,
shall not onely bring with them, such breades, and sorts or sized
breads, as the Lawes and Ordinances doe allow to be made
and solde (as aforesaid:) but also keepe and obserue this
order in the weight of their breads, as heere after followeth:
Because the said forrainers do not beare and pay, within the
same Cities and Townes, such scot and lot, as the Bakers of
the same Townes doe.

First, the forrainers halfe-penny white-loaues shall weigh
an ounce more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same
Townes half-penny white-loaues doe.

Item, their penny white-loaues shall weigh two ounces
more in euery loafe, then the Bakers of the same Townes
penny white-loaues doe.

Item, their halfe-penny wheaten Loaues shall weigh an
ounce and a halfe more in euery loafe, then the Bakers in the
same Townes halfe-penny wheaten Loaues doe.

Item their penny wheaten Loafe shall weigh three ounces
more in euery loafe then the Bakers of the same Townes
halfe-penny wheate[illegible]aues doe.

Item, the penny houshold loafe shall weigh three ounces
more in euery one Loafe, then the Bakers of the same
Townes penny houshold Loaues doe.

Item, their two penny houshold Loaues shall weigh fiue
ounces more in euery Loafe, then the Bakers of the same
Townes two penny houshold Loaues doe.

Prouided alwayes, that ehe Clarke of the Market of his
Maiesties houshold, his Deputy, or Deputyes, Maiors, Bay-
liffes, and other Officers of Cities, Corporate Townes and
Liberties, and specially the Maister and Wardens of the
Company of the Bakers in the City of London, their Offi-
cers or Ministers, or any of them, shall looke vnto, and haue
diligent care and respect vnto the due performance and exe-
cution

F

cution of these Articles, and shall, and may from time to time freely giue and distribute all such vnlawfull breads, as shall be hereafter made and put to sale, being contrary to these Articles before mentioned, vnto poore prisoners or any other poore people: And further we will and command all Iustices of Peace, Constables, Bayliffes, and other Officers whatsoeuer, to be ayding and assisting and helping all the foresaid Officers in the due execution hereof, as they will answere to the contrary at their perils.

At the Court at white-hall, the last of Ianuary, 1604.

FINIS.

T. Ellesmere, Cant. | Cramburne.
T. Dorset. | E. Zouche.
Suffolke. | W. Knowles.
E. Worcester. | E. Wotton.
Deuonshire. | Io. Popham.
H. Northampton. | I. Herbert.